This document presents important safety warnings, instructions, and information intended to minimize hazards associated with the use of Axon Enterprise, Inc. (Axon) TASER Conducted Energy Weapons (CEWs). These instructions and warnings are for your protection as well as the safety of others. **Read the entire document before using a CEW.**

The TASER CEW is to be used only for lawful self-defense or in the defense of others. A TASER CEW is not a substitute for caution, common sense, or other preventive self-protection actions such as ensuring doors are locked, parking in well-lighted areas, avoiding suspicious individuals, or calling 911.

When used as directed in probe-deployment mode, CEWs are designed to temporarily incapacitate a person from a safer distance than some other force options, while reducing the likelihood of death or serious injury. However, any use of force, including the use of a CEW, involves risks that a person may get hurt or die due to the effects of the CEW, physical incapacitation, physical exertion, unforeseen circumstances, or individual susceptibilities. Following the instructions and warnings in this document will reduce the likelihood that CEW use will cause death or serious injury.

These warnings and instructions are effective January 10, 2019, and supersede all prior revisions. The most current warnings are also available online at www.axon.com.

1. **Read and obey.** Significant differences exist between different TASER CEW models. Do not use or attempt to use any CEW model unless you have read, understood, and are following all current instructions, warnings, and relevant TASER training materials before using TASER CEWs. Failure to do so could increase the risk of death or serious injury to the user or others.

2. **Obey applicable laws.** Use of CEWs must be legally justified and comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Always follow all current instructions, warnings, and TASER training materials to minimize CEW risks.

This document uses a signal word panel to mark specific warnings:

- **WARNING** This signal word panel indicates a potentially hazardous situation which if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.

Warnings may be followed by instructions and information to help avoid the hazard and improve CEW safety.

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**SAFETY INFORMATION: CEW RISKS AND RISK AVOIDANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>WARNING</strong></th>
<th>Cumulative Effects. CEW exposure causes certain effects, including physiologic and metabolic changes, stress, and pain. In some individuals, the risk of death or serious injury may increase with cumulative CEW exposure. Repeated, prolonged, or continuous CEW applications may contribute to cumulative exhaustion, stress, cardiac, physiologic, metabolic, respiratory, and associated medical risks which could increase the risk of death or serious injury. Minimize repeated, continuous, or simultaneous exposures.</th>
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| **WARNING** | Physiologic and Metabolic Effects. CEW use causes physiologic and/or metabolic effects that may increase the risk of death or serious injury. These effects include changes in blood chemistry, blood pressure, respiration, heart rate and rhythm, and adrenaline and stress hormones, among others. In human studies of electrical discharge from a single CEW of up to 15 seconds, the effects on acid/base balance, creatine kinase, electrolytes, stress hormones, and vital signs were comparable to or less than changes expected from |
physical exertion similar to struggling, resistance, fighting, fleeing, or from the application of some other force tools or techniques.

Some individuals may be particularly susceptible to the effects of CEW use. These susceptible individuals include the elderly, those with heart conditions, asthma or other pulmonary conditions, and people suffering from excited delirium, profound agitation, severe exhaustion, drug intoxication or chronic drug abuse, and/or over-exertion from physical struggle. In a physiologically or metabolically compromised person, any physiologic or metabolic change may cause or contribute to sudden death.

Stress and Pain. CEW use, anticipation of use, or response to use can cause startle, panic, fear, anger, rage, temporary discomfort, pain, or stress which may be injurious or fatal to some people.

To reduce the risk of injury:

1. Minimize the number and duration of CEW exposures. Most human CEW lab testing has not exceeded 15 seconds of CEW application, and none has exceeded 45 seconds. Use the shortest duration of CEW exposure reasonable for self-defense. If a CEW deployment is ineffective in incapacitating an attacker or achieving compliance consider escaping from the situation or consider alternative force options.

2. Avoid simultaneous CEW exposures. Do not use multiple CEWs or multiple completed circuits at the same time without justification. Multiple CEWs or multiple completed circuits at the same time could have cumulative effects and result in increased risks.

3. Avoid touching probes/wires during CEW discharge. Touching a person during CEW exposure may put the CEW user and those assisting at risk of accidental or unintended shock. Avoid touching the probes and wires and the areas between the probes during the electrical discharge.

Cardiac Capture. CEW exposure in the chest area near the heart has a low probability of inducing extra heart beats (cardiac capture). In rare circumstances, cardiac capture could lead to cardiac arrest. When possible, avoid targeting the frontal chest area near the heart to reduce the risk of potential serious injury or death.

Muscle Contraction or Strain-Related Injury. CEWs in probe-deployment mode can cause muscle contractions that may result in injury, including bone fractures.

Higher Risk Populations. CEW use on a pregnant, infirm, elderly, or low body-mass index person or on a small child could increase the risk of death or serious injury. As with any force option, CEW use has not been scientifically tested on these populations. Use a CEW on such persons only if the situation justifies an increased risk.

CEWs in probe-deployment mode can cause muscle contractions resulting in injuries similar to those from physical exertion, athletics, or sports, including hernia rupture, dislocation, tear, or other injury to soft tissue.
organ, muscle, tendon, ligament, cartilage, disc, nerve, bone, or joint; or injury or damage associated with or to orthopedic or other hardware. Fractures to bone, including compression fracture to vertebrae, may occur.

These injuries may be more serious and more likely to occur in people with pre-existing injuries, orthopedic hardware, conditions or special susceptibilities, including pregnancy; low bone density; spinal injury; or previous muscle, disc, ligament, joint, bone, or tendon damage or surgery. Such injuries may also occur in drive-stun applications or when a person reacts to the CEW deployment by making a rapid or unexpected movement.

**WARNING Secondary Injury.** The loss of control resulting from a CEW exposure may result in injuries due to a fall or other uncontrolled movement. When possible, avoid using a CEW when secondary injuries are likely.

Loss of control associated with CEW use can have several causes:

- **Seizure.** Repetitive stimuli (e.g., flashing light or electrical stimuli) can induce seizure in some people, which may result in death or serious injury. This risk may be increased in a person with epilepsy, a seizure history, or if electrical stimuli pass through the head. Emotional stress and physical exertion, both likely in incidents involving CEW and other uses of force, are reported as seizure-precipitating factors.
- **Fainting.** A person may experience an exaggerated response to a CEW exposure, or threatened exposure, which may result in fainting or falling.
- **Muscle contraction, incapacitation, or startle response.** CEW use may cause loss of control from muscle contraction, incapacitation, or startle response.

To reduce these risks, consider the person’s location before using a CEW. When practicable, avoid using a CEW on a person in the following circumstances unless the situation justifies a higher risk.

**When practicable, avoid using a CEW on a person who:**

- is on an elevated or unstable surface (e.g., tree, roof, ladder, ledge, balcony, porch, bridge, or stair);
- could fall and suffer impact injury to the head or other area;
- could fall on a sharp object or surface (e.g., holding a knife, falling on glass);
- is less able to catch or protect self in a fall (e.g., restrained, handcuffed, incapacitated, or immobilized);
- has impaired reflexes (e.g., from alcohol, drugs or certain medications);
- is running, in motion, or moving under momentum;
- is operating or riding any mode of transportation (e.g., vehicle, bus, bicycle, motorcycle, or train), conveyance (e.g., escalator, moving walkway, elevator, skateboard, rollerblades), or machinery; or
- is located in water, mud, or marsh environment if the ability to move is restricted.

**SAFETY INFORMATION: INJURY OR INFECTION**

A CEW may cause injury as a result of the probe or electrical discharge. The nature and severity of these effects depends on numerous factors including the area of exposure, method of application, individual susceptibility, and other circumstances surrounding CEW use, exposure, and after care. Medical care may be required.

**WARNING Eye Injury Hazard.** A TASER probe, electrode, or electrical discharge that contacts or comes close to an eye can result in serious injury, including permanent vision loss. DO NOT intentionally aim a CEW, including the LASER, at the eye of a person or animal without justification.

**LASER Light Hazard.** CEWs use a LASER targeting aid. LASERs can cause serious eye injury, including permanent vision loss. NEVER aim a LASER at an aircraft or the operator of an aircraft or moving vehicle.

**WARNING Probe or Electrode Injury, Puncture, Scarring, or Infection Hazard.** CEW use may cause a permanent mark, burn, scar, puncture, or other skin or tissue damage. Infection could result in death or
serious injury. Scarring risk may be increased when using a CEW in drive-stun mode. Increased skin irritation, abrasion, mark, burning, or scarring may occur with a CEW with multiple cartridge bays when used in drive-stun or three-point deployment modes.

**WARNING** Penetration Injury. The TASER probe has a small dart point which may cause a penetration injury to a blood vessel or internal organ, including lung, bone, or nerve. The probe or dart point (which may detach or break) can puncture or become embedded into a bone, organ, or tissue, which may require immediate medical care, surgical removal, or may result in scarring, infection, or other serious injury.

To reduce the risk of serious or permanent injury:

1. **Medical care may be needed.** Injury due to penetration of a probe or dart point into a blood vessel, organ, nerve, or bone may require medical care. A probe, dart point, or barb embedded in a sensitive area such as the eye, genitals, breast, neck, throat, or vascular structure may cause serious injury and require medical care. CEW use may cause skin irritation, puncture wound, abrasion, mark, rash, burn, or other scar or infection, which may require medical care and may be permanent. As with any injury of this type, infection or tetanus and resulting complications may occur.

2. **Probe Removal.** Probe removal may cause injury. Leaving a probe in the body may result in pain or injury. In the case of embedment, organ or bone penetration, or probe, dart point, or barb detachment, immediate medical care and possible surgical removal may be required.

3. **Biohazards.** Use appropriate biohazard protocols and protective equipment (e.g., gloves, masks, and washing of hands and exposed areas as necessary).

**SAFETY INFORMATION: CEW DEPLOYMENT AND USE**

**WARNING** CEWs and cartridges are weapons and as with any weapon follow safe weapon-handling practices and store your CEW securely. Follow practices herein. Failure to follow these warnings may result in death or serious injury to the user or others.

**WARNING** Confusing Handgun with CEW. Confusing a handgun with a CEW could result in death or serious injury. Learn the differences in the physical feel and holstering characteristics between your CEW and handguns to help avoid confusion.

**WARNING** Trigger Hold-Back Continuous Discharge. If the trigger is held back, most CEWs will continue to discharge until the trigger is released or the power source is expended. Know the pre-programmed cycle for your model CEW and how it works.

1. **Use properly.** Use a CEW only for its intended purpose, in legally justifiable situations for lawful self-defense or in the defense of others. Do not use for torture. Misuse can result in criminal prosecution or civil litigation.

2. **Store in a secure location.** Store CEWs, cartridges, and accessories in secure locations inaccessible to children and other unauthorized persons to prevent inappropriate access or use. CEWs and cartridges are weapons and are not toys.

3. **Use the safety switch.** Place the CEW safety switch in the SAFE position when the CEW is not in use. Remember to place the CEW safety switch in the ARMED position when you intend to use the CEW.

4. **Assume CEW is loaded.** Always assume that a CEW is loaded and capable of discharging. To help avoid unexpected discharge, ensure that no live cartridge is in the CEW when inserting a battery pack; TASER CAM or TASER CAM HD recorder; or while performing spark tests (except when function testing multi-shot CEWs), maintenance, data downloading, or battery charging.

5. **Be aware of CEW trigger.** Keep your finger off the trigger until it is legally justifiable to use the CEW and you are ready to deploy.
6. **Know how the CEW works.** Significant differences exist between different TASER CEW models. Before using any CEW, including a multi-shot CEW, ensure you understand the functioning and effects of that model.

7. **Be aware of multi-shot CEW's deployment mode.** Be aware of which deployment mode (manual or semi-automatic) is set on the multi-shot CEW before use.

8. **Use simulation (training) cartridges ONLY for training or practice.** DO NOT use a CEW loaded with a simulation training cartridge for self-defense. Simulation cartridges are intended for practice only and will have no incapacitating effect on an attacker. Simulation cartridges use non-conductive wires and will not transmit electrical pulses to the probes.

9. **Do not use Bolt, C2, Pulse, or Pulse+ simulation cartridges with a simulation suit.** Bolt, C2, Pulse, and Pulse+ simulation cartridges have extended probes that may penetrate a TASER simulation suit and cause injury to the person wearing the suit.

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**SAFETY INFORMATION: CEW EFFECTIVENESS**

A CEW, like any weapon or force option, does not always function as intended and is not effective on every person. As with any use of force, if a particular option is not effective, consider using other force options or escaping from the situation. **Always have a back-up plan.**

**WARNING** **Subject Not Incapacitated.** An ineffective CEW application could increase the risk of death or serious injury to the user or others. If a CEW does not operate as intended or if an attacker is not incapacitated, redeploy the CEW, use other force options, or escape the situation.

A CEW’s effects may be limited by many factors, including absence of delivered electrical charge due to misses, clothing disconnect, intermittent connection, or wire breakage; probe locations or spread; attacker’s muscle mass; or movement. Some of the factors that may influence the effectiveness of CEW use in effecting or achieving control of an attacker include:

- **Attacker may not be fully incapacitated.** Even though an attacker may be affected by a CEW in one part of his body, the attacker may maintain full muscle control of other portions of his body. Be prepared in case the attacker is not fully incapacitated.

- **Attacker may recover immediately.** An attacker receiving a CEW discharge may immediately regain physical or cognitive abilities upon cessation of the delivered CEW discharge. Be prepared in case the attacker immediately recovers.

- **Drive-stun mode is for pain compliance only.** The use of a handheld CEW in drive-stun mode is painful, but generally does not cause incapacitation. Drive-stun use may not be effective on emotionally disturbed persons or others who may not respond to pain due to a mind-body disconnect. Avoid using repeated drive-stuns on such individuals if compliance is not achieved.

- **Probes may deviate.** CEWs are not precision-aimed weapons. Probe discharge, flight trajectory, and impact location can be affected by numerous factors, including cartridge or probe accuracy; failure of cartridge to properly deploy; strong air movements; user and attacker movements; or probe striking subject, clothing, or object with insufficient force or trajectory to penetrate or adhere to the attacker. Deviations can result in limited or lack of effectiveness due to misses, failure to complete or maintain the electrical circuit, a small probe spread, or failure to deliver a sufficient charge to the attacker.

- **CEW or cartridge may fail to fire or operate.** No weapon system, force option, or CEW is always operational or effective. If a CEW, cartridge, or accessory is inoperable or fails to function, consider reloading and redeploying, using other force options, or escaping the situation.

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**SAFETY INFORMATION: OTHER HAZARDS**

**WARNING** **Probe Recoil or Ricochet.** If your practice target or attacker is farther away than the length of the probe wire, or if one or more probes miss, the probe can recoil and bounce back to strike the user or a
bystander, causing injury. Probe recoil is more likely with simulation cartridges because of the nylon probe wire used.

Always be sure your practice target or attacker is within range. Wear protective eyewear when deploying any CEW in training or for practice. Be sure practice targets have a firm backing that will allow the probes to stick and not bounce off and strike an unintended person, animal, or object, or continue through the backing and strike objects behind the target.

**WARNING**  
**Untethered Discharged Probe.** A discharged probe that does not impact a practice target or attacker may become untethered from the wire and travel a significant distance causing serious injury. Always be sure your practice target or attacker is within range.

**WARNING**  
**Fire and Explosion Hazard.** CEW use can result in a fire or explosion when flammable gases, fumes, vapors, liquids, or materials are present. Use of a CEW in presence of fire or explosion hazard could result in death or serious injury. When possible, avoid using a CEW in known flammable hazard conditions.

A CEW can ignite explosive or flammable clothing or materials, liquids, fumes, gases, or vapors (e.g., gasoline, vapor or gas found in sewer lines or methamphetamine labs, butane-type lighters, flammable hair gels or some self-defense sprays). Do not knowingly use a CEW in the presence of any explosive or flammable substance unless the situation justifies the increased risk.

**SAFETY INFORMATION: GENERAL PRECAUTIONS**

**WARNING**  
**Unintentional CEW Deployment or Discharge Hazard.** Unintentional CEW activation or unexpected cartridge discharge could result in death or serious injury to the user or others.

To reduce the risk of unintentional deployment or discharge:

1. **Avoid static electricity.** Keep cartridge away from sources of static electricity. Static electricity can cause a CEW or standard cartridge to discharge unexpectedly, possibly resulting in serious injury.

2. **Keep body parts away from front of CEW or cartridge.** Always keep your hands and body parts away from the front of the CEW and cartridge. If the CEW discharges unexpectedly you could be injured.

3. **Avoid electronic equipment interference.** Electronic transmission equipment close to a CEW could interfere with the proper CEW operation and cause the CEW to deploy or discharge. Keep the CEW at least several inches away from other electronic equipment. Place the CEW safety switch in the SAFE position whenever it is near electronic equipment, including transmitting radios and cell phones. Remember to place the CEW safety switch in the ARMED position before use.

4. **Avoid dropping CEW or cartridge.** If a CEW or cartridge is dropped or damaged it may unintentionally deploy or discharge, become inoperable, or fail to function, making it unsafe for continued use. If a CEW or cartridge has been dropped or damaged refer to the manufacturer’s instructions.

**SAFETY INFORMATION: MAINTENANCE**

**WARNING**  
Failure to maintain a CEW as instructed may cause the CEW to malfunction or fail to function optimally, increasing the risk of death or serious injury. Follow recommended maintenance procedures.

To reduce these risks:

1. **Safely perform spark (function) test.** Testing helps verify that the CEW is functioning properly. See manufacturer’s instructions for further information on testing.

2. **Avoid using a damaged CEW or cartridge.** Do not use a cartridge with a missing blast door unless facing an immediate threat. CEW repair or modification by an unauthorized person may cause the CEW to fire or malfunction, void the warranty, and may put the user or other person at risk of death or serious injury.
3. **Update CEW software.** Some CEWs have updateable software. Current CEW software may be obtained by contacting Axon’s Customer Service Department.

4. **Use only Axon-approved components, batteries, accessories, and cartridges.** The CEW is a sophisticated electronic system. For proper function, use only Axon-approved components, batteries, accessories, and cartridges with your CEW. Use of anything other than Axon-approved components, batteries, accessories, and cartridges will void the warranty, may cause malfunction, and may put the user or other person at risk of death or serious injury.

5. **Avoid exposure to wet conditions.** If the CEW is drenched or immersed in water or other liquid, DO NOT use or attempt to use the CEW until completing the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. Incidental exposure to moisture, such as brief exposure to moderate rain, should not unduly affect the operation of the CEW.

6. **Keep Smart Cartridge contacts clean.** If the contacts on the Smart Cartridge or inside the Smart Cartridge bay of the multi-shot CEW are not kept clean the CEW may fail to deploy the Smart Cartridge.

7. **Know CEW and cartridge expected useful life.** Under normal storage, handling, and operating conditions, a CEW and cartridges have a 5-year expected useful life. Use or attempted use of a CEW or cartridge after its expected useful life may result in malfunctions and lack of effectiveness. Failure to properly care for and maintain a CEW or cartridge may substantially reduce or eliminate the expected useful life of the product.

### SAFETY INFORMATION: DISASSEMBLY AND DISPOSAL

**WARNING**

Do not disassemble. Refer to local laws for proper handling and disposal.